University of Mumbai Bachelor of Performing Arts Degree (Final Year) OLD COURSE

Subject – History of Development

and Comparative Study of Dance

Date:	15/05/2021	Time: 11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.	Marks : 50 .
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Q.1	. Choose the correct a	nswer :-	Marks 20
1. T	his lends gravity and d	ignity of p	purpose to Indian dance
a.	sahitya	c.	prakarana
b.	nataka	d.	vadya
2. A	s the society advanced	dance wa	as considered as?
a.	lakshya	c.	Shilpa
b.	•	d.	-
3. H	le is considered as lead	er of danc	eers in the Rigveda
a.	Varuna	c.	Ashwin
b.	Indra	d.	Marut
4. T	his is the all powerful	symbol an	nd is incomparable tribute to dance
a.	Shiva Nataraja	c.	Pashupati
b.	•	d.	Yaksha
5. Iı	ndra in Rigveda is also	known as	
a.	Rudra	c.	ratheshtha
b.	Varuna	d.	vahaka
6. S	he is imagined as cira	purani and	l cira yuvati in Rigveda
a.	Ushas	c.	Varuni
b.	Aditi	d.	Sandhya

7. This veda gives distinction between Marga and Deshi					
a.	Yajurveda	c.	Samaveda		
b.	Atharvaveda	d.	Rigveda		
8. In the Chandogya Upanishad music and dance are referred to as					
a.	devajnyana vidya	c.	shastra vidya		
b.	yoga vidya	d.	nartaka vidya		
9. In Ashvalayana Grhya Sutra, the prospective bride offers sacrifice and four or eight women dance this					
a.	Brahmani Karma	c.	Indrani Karma		
b.	Shakti Karma	d.	Bharati Karma		
10. Indra sends this apsara to entice Vishwamitra					
a.	Rambha	c.	Tillottama		
b.	Urvashi	d.	Shachi		
11. In this kanda of Ramayana, the nata, nartaka etc become centre of jubilation when Rama is proclaimed as a yuvaraja.					
a.	Sundarakanda	c.	Ayodhya kanda		
b.	Yuddhakanda	d.	Sandhyakanda		
12. The dancing master of the maidens of the royal court is known as					
a.	nata	c.	Nartaka		
b.	Panivadaka	d.	Shailusha		
13. Arjuna disguised in this form in Virataparva					
a.	Brihannala	c.	Granthika		
b.	Kanka	d.	Sairandhri		
14. Most famous play of Bhasa					
a.	Meghaduta	c.	Swapnavasadattam		
b.	Mricchakatika	d.	Ritusamhara		

15. Malavika's dance recital is perfectly executed and classical dance at its best in this play of Kalidasa					
a.	Raghuvamsha	c.	Malavikagnimitram		
b.	Balacharitra	d.	Vikaramorvashiyam		
16. Tolkappiyam is an ancient tamil					
a.	Prose	c.	grammar		
b.	Poetry	d.	Dramatic literature		
17. This particular dance developed during Vijaynagar and Post Vijay Nagar era.					
a.	Kuruvanji	c.	Sadir		
b.	Chinna melam	d.	Bharata Natyam		
18. This uparupaka depicts vipralambha shringara where Goddess Shri or Lakshmi is the prototype of nayika					
a.	Durmilika	c.	Kavya		
b.	Shrigadita	d.	nartanaka		
19. This is more widely known in literature as a circular dance of Krishna and gopis					
a.	nartanaka	c.	Hallisaka		
b.	chitrakavya	d.	Durmilika		
20. The immortal love song or literature of Poet Jayadeva					
a.	Krishna kavya	c.	Govinda kavya		
b.	Gita Govinda	d.	Padavalis		

Q.2. Answer in brief (3 marks each)

Marks 30

- 1. Give the difference between Rupaka-s and Uparupakas
- 2. Give a note on philosophical interpretation of Geeta Govinda.
- 3. Influence of Geeta Govinda on classical Indian Dances.
- 4. Write a note on Ushas of Rigveda
- 5. Write in brief about any of the Kalidasa's play and importance or influence of Natyashastra in his plays.
- 6. Give three different varieties of uparupakas.
- 7. Write a note on reference to dance in Ramayana.
- 8. Write a note on importance of dance in Mahabharata.
- 9. Write a brief note on Chola image of Nataraja.
- 10. How do you trace history of dance through literature?

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